Discovery School's Program of Inquiry	Who we are An inquiry into the nature of the self; beliefs & values; personal, physical, mental, social and spiritual health; human relationships including families, friends, communities, and cultures; rights & responsibilities; what it means to be human.	Where we are in place & time An inquiry into orientation in place and time; personal histories; homes and journeys; the discoveries, explorations and migrations of humankind; the relationships between and the interconnectedness of individuals and civilizations, from local & global perspectives.	How we express ourselves An inquiry into the ways in which we discover and express ideas, feelings, nature, culture, beliefs and values; the ways in which we reflect on, extend and enjoy our creativity; our appreciation of the aesthetic.	How the world works An inquiry into the natural world and its laws; the interaction between the natural world (physical & biological) and human societies; how humans use their understanding of scientific principles; the impact of scientific and technological advances on society and on the environment.	How we org An inquiry int human- mad the structure societal decis activities and and the envir
ELC (Year A)	Central Idea: Choices impact our health. Lines of Inquiry: - The opinions of different choices we can make - The connection between choices and well-being - Our responsibility to make positive choices Key Concepts: perspective, connection, responsibility Related Concepts: Choices, health cause/effect Subject focus: PSPE, Language IB LP - Open-minded, Balanced ATL - Self-management, Social	Central Idea: Homes reflect identity and circumstances. Lines of Inquiry: - Types of homes - How homes fulfill our basic needs - Why homes vary according to culture Key Concepts: form, connection, causation Related Concepts: Shelter, needs, identity Subject focus: Social studies, Language IB LP - Thinker, Knowledgeable ATL - Communication, Thinking	Central Idea: Visual art communicates emotions. Lines of Inquiry: - The different forms of visual art - How emotions can be communicated through art - The interpretation of art Key Concepts: form, function, perspective Related Concepts: Creativity, points of view, imagination Subject focus: The Arts, PSPE IB LP - Reflective, Communicator ATL - Thinking	Central Idea: Observation generates guestions. Lines of Inquiry: - Types of observations - Cycles and progression - The causes of changes Key Concepts: form, change, causation Related Concepts: Observations, cycles, organisms Subject focus: Math, Science IB LP - Inquirer, Risk-taker ATL - Communication, Research, Thinking	
ELC (Year B)	Central Idea: Learning about ourselves helps us to understand how we are similar or different. Lines of Inquiry: - Similarities and differences among individuals - Different likes and dislikes - Our relationships with different people Key Concepts: form, perspective, connection Related Concepts: Identity, diversity, relationships Subject focus: Language, PSPE IB LP - Knowledgeable, Caring ATL - Communication, Social		Central Idea: Play invites opportunities for communication and discovery. Lines of Inquiry: - What play is - Ways to communicate during play - Our responsibilities during play Key Concepts: form, function, responsibility, Related Concepts: Safety, communication, play Subject focus: The Arts, Science IB LP - Inquirer, Open-minded ATL - Thinking, Social, Self-management		Central Idea connect com Lines of Inq - Different hu - The impact - The relation communities Key Concep connection Related Com transportation Subject focu IB LP - Think ATL - Comm

brganize ourselves into the interconnectedness of lade systems and communities; ure and function of organizations; ecision-making; economic and their impact on humankind hvironment.	Sharing the planet An inquiry into rights and responsibilities in the struggle to share finite resources with other people and with other living things; communities and the relationships within and between them; access to equal opportunities; peace and conflict resolution.
lea: <u>Human-made systems</u> ommunities <u>.</u>	Central Idea: People depend on living things.
nquiry: human-made systems act systems have on communities tionship between systems and ies cepts: form, causation,	Lines of Inquiry: - The characteristics of living things - How products from living things can change - The relationship between living things Key Concepts: form, change, connection
n	Related Concepts: Characteristics,
<b>Concepts:</b> Community, systems, tion	resources, interdependence
ocus: Math, Social Studies	Subject focus: Language, Science, Social Studies
ninker, Communicator	<b>IB LP -</b> Principled, Balanced
nmunication, Research, Thinking	ATL - Thinking, Social, Research

Kindergarten	Central Idea: Our attitudes quide our behavior. Lines of Inquiry: - The values of the learner profile - How the learner profile guides our relationships - How we can communicate a trait Key Concepts: responsibility, perspective, causation Related Concepts: Values, behavior Subject focus: PSPE, Language IB LP - Principled, Caring ATL - Self-management, Social	Central Idea: Personal histories shape identity. Lines of Inquiry: - How our identity connects us to others - How timelines can measure time and events - How our personal histories make us unique Key Concepts: connection, function, causation Related Concepts: Similarities/Differences, chronology Subject focus: Social Studies, Math IB LP - Open-minded, Communicator ATL - Research	Central Idea: Sound is found all around us. Lines of Inquiry: - The feelings/points of view sounds can create - How sound is transmitted - How sounds can be put together to create music Key Concepts: form, function, perspective Related Concepts: Emotion, sound, patterns Subject focus: Science, PSPE, The Arts IB LP - Knowledgeable, Communicator ATL -Thinking, Communication			Central Idea: Living things rely on their environment for survival. Lines of Inquiry: - Different habitats - How some living things change to suit their environment - How to show respect and act responsibly towards living things Key Concepts: form, change, responsibility Related Concepts: Habitats, respect Subject focus: Science, Social Studies IB LP - Reflective, Thinker ATL - Research, Thinking
1st and 2nd Grade (Year A)	Central Idea: Traditions and celebrations can unify communities. Lines of Inquiry: - The origins of different traditions - Features of traditions/celebrations - The points of view of different traditions/celebrations Key Concepts: causation, form, perspective Related Concepts: Traditions, celebrations Subject focus: Language, Social Studies, PSPE IB LP - Open-minded, Reflective ATL - Thinking, Research, Social	Central Idea: Technology has transformed daily life. Lines of Inquiry: - The changes in technology - How technology connects us - The impact of technology in our lives Key Concepts: change, connection, causation Related Concepts: Technology, progress Subject focus: Science, Soc. Studies, Arts IB LP - Knowledgeable, Thinker ATL - Thinking	Central Idea: Communication has the power to teach values motivating action. Lines of Inquiry: - - The properties of stories - How we use language to express ideas - How stories move us to act Key Concepts: form, function, responsibility Related Concepts: Stories, moral, inspiration Subject focus: Language, PSPE IB LP - Communicator, Principled, Open-minded ATL - Communication	Central Idea: Forces simplify tasks. Lines of Inquiry: - Different types of forces - How forces work - How forces make work easier Key Concepts: form, function, causation Related Concepts: Types of forces, cause and effect Subject focus: Language, Math, Science IB LP - Inquirers, Thinkers ATL - Research, Thinking	Central Idea: Diagrams communicate our order of the world. Lines of Inquiry: - The properties of maps and globes - How maps and globes are organized - Maps and globes as a system of organizing regions Key Concepts: form, function, connection Related Concepts: Maps/Globes, regions, geography Subject focus: Social Studies, Math, The Arts IB LP - Balanced, Risk-taker ATL - Thinking, Self-management	Central Idea: Our use of natural resources can impact the environment. Lines of Inquiry: - The causes of environmental change - How the environment is changing - Our responsibility to conserve natural resources Key Concepts: causation, change responsibility Related Concepts: Conservation, ecology, natural resources Subject focus: Science, PSPE IB LP - Caring, Balanced ATL - Self-management, Research
1st and 2nd Grade (Year B)	Central Idea: What we value is part of who we are. Lines of Inquiry: - Our identity - How our beliefs guide our behavior - Different values Key Concepts: form, causation, perspective Related Concepts: Belief, Strengths and Weaknesses Subject focus: PSPE, Social Studies IB LP - Thinker, Open-minded ATL - Communication, Social	Central Idea: Journeys and travel create change and can lead to new perspectives. Lines of Inquiry: - Travel around the world - How travel can change us - Our responsibilities to prepare for journeys Key Concepts: form, change, responsibility Related Concepts: Journeys, Planning Subject focus: Social Studies IB LP - Reflective, Risk-takers ATL - Thinking, self-management	Central Idea: Through the arts, people use different forms of expression to convey their uniqueness. Lines of Inquiry: - The different ways people can express themselves - How the arts can communicate who we are - The values expressed through the arts Key Concepts: form, function, responsibility Related Concepts: self-expression, individuality Subject focus: The Arts IB LP - Balanced ATL - Research, self-management	Central Idea: Patterns represent sequence and organization. Lines of Inquiry: - Patterns - Observing changes - Predicting what might happen next Key Concepts: form, change, causation Related Concepts: Properties of materials, changes of state Subject focus: Science, Math IB LP - Knowledgeable, Inquirers ATL - Communication, research	Central Idea: In an organization, people share responsibility towards a common purpose. Lines of Inquiry: - Purposes of a workplace - The interconnectedness of people in a workplace - The importance of a shared vision Key Concepts: function, connection, responsibility Related Concepts: Roles, Purpose Subject focus - Language, PSPE IB LP - Caring, Communicators ATL - Social, Thinking	Central Idea: People interact with, use, and value the local environment in different ways. Lines of Inquiry: - Local natural environments - Human usage of the local environment - How our actions impact the local environment Key concepts- form, function, connection Related Concepts: Green spaces, community Subject focus: Science, Social Studies IB LP - Principled ATL - Thinking, research

3rd and 4th Grade (Year A)	Central Idea: Diversity enhances populations. Lines of Inquiry: - What diversity is - How we can classify diversity - The causes of diversity Key Concepts: form, perspective, causation Related Concepts: Diversity, classification Subject focus: Social studies, PSPE IB LP - Principled, Inquirer ATL - Self-management, Research	Central Idea: Changing factors shape the Earth. Lines of Inquiry: - The geological structure of the Earth - How factors continue to change the Earth - Humankind's response to geological changes Key Concepts: form, causation, responsibility Related Concepts: Erosion, tectonic plate movement Subject focus: Science, Social studies, IB LP - Caring, Inquirer ATL - Self-management, Thinking, Research	Central Idea: Performance is a form of artistic expression. Lines of Inquiry: - The different ways people can perform - The importance of practice in developing a performance - Our responsibility during performances Key Concepts: form, change, responsibility Related Concepts: Performance, practice/rehearse Subject focus: The Arts, PSPE, Language IB LP - Reflective, Risk taker ATL - Thinking, Self-management	Central Idea: Energy transforms societies, Lines of Inquiry: - Types of energy sources - How energy is produced - Responsible energy use Key Concepts: form, function, responsibility Related Concepts: Forms of energy, power Subject focus: Science, Social Studies, Math IB LP - Knowledgeable, Thinker ATL - Self management, Communication, Research	Central Idea differently ard Lines of Inq - The structur - How govern - How govern Key Concep Related Com leadership Subject focu IB LP - Know ATL - Thinkir
3rd and 4th Grade (Year B)	Central Idea: The human body is an intricate system. Lines of Inquiry: - Specialized structures in the human body - How the systems of the human body work together - How choices affect the human body Key Concepts: causation, connection, responsibility Related Concepts: Systems, interdependent Subject focus: Science, Language, PSPE IB LP - Balanced, Risk-taker ATL - Thinking, Communication, Research	Central Idea: <u>History can be analyzed</u> through primary sources. Lines of Inquiry: - What primary sources are -How sources can show change over time - The perspectives of people in history Key Concepts: causation, connection, change Related Concepts: History, sources Subject focus: Social Studies, Math IB LP - Communicator, Open-minded ATL - Thinking, Communication, Self-management	Central Idea: Poetry reflects culture and self. Lines of Inquiry: - Forms of poetry - How poetry expresses ideas and feelings - Our opinions of different poems Key Concepts: form, function, perspective Related Concepts: Expression, poetic devices, imagery Subject focus: Language, The Arts IB LP - Communicator, Caring ATL - Thinking, Communication	Central Idea: Life depends on the ability to adapt. Lines of Inquiry:- - The adaptations of living things - The changes living things go through - Why living things need to adapt Key Concepts: form, change, causation Related Concepts: Evolve, adaptation, growth Subject focus: Science, language IB LP - Inquirer, Reflective ATL - Thinking, Communication	Central Idea regulate our Lines of Inq - The relatior consequence - Our respon rules - How societi Key Concep function Related Con communicati Subject focu IB LP - Princ Reflective ATL - Thinkir

a: People are organized round the world. quiry: ure of governments roments work roments contribute to a society pts: form, function, causation ncepts: Government, cus: Social Studies, Math wledgeable, Communicator ing, Social	Central Idea: Conflict can be resolved in a variety of ways. Lines of Inquiry: - Historical causes of conflict - How conflict changes people and places - Our responsibility to resolve personal conflicts Key Concepts: causation, change, responsibility Related Concepts: Conflict, revolution, resolution Subject focus: PSPE, Social Studies IB LP - Communicator, Open minded ATL - Social, Self-management, Research
a: Laws and rules guide and - lives. quiry: mship between rules and tes msibility to abide by laws and ties communicate expectations pts: connection, responsibility, mcepts: Social expectations, tion, laws and rules cus: Social studies, language cipled, Knowledgeable, ing	Central Idea: Risk-taking can lead to equal opportunities. Lines of Inquiry: - The properties of risk-taking - The points of view of equal opportunities - How decisions about equal opportunities are made and enacted Key Concepts: form, perspective, responsibility Related Concepts: Equal opportunities, legislation, civil rights Subject focus: Social studies, language IB LP - Thinker, Inquirer ATL - Social, Research

5th/6th (Year A)	Central Idea: Cells contribute to the health of organisms. Lines of Inquiry: - What cells are - How cells work - The relationship between cells and our health Key Concepts: form, function, connection Related Concepts: Cells, genetics Subject focus: Science, PSPE IB LP - Thinkers, Inquirers ATL - Self-management, Communication	Central Idea: Innovation allows civilizations to grow and develop. Lines of Inquiry: - The causes of innovation - How past civilizations worked - How innovation allows civilizations to develop Key Concepts: causation, function, connection Related Concepts: Innovation, civilizations and origins Subject focus: Social Studies, The Arts IB LP - Thinker, Communicator ATL - Communication, Research	Central Idea: Religions influence the modern world. Lines of Inquiry: - The features of different religions - The relationship between different religions - The opinions of religions on contemporary issues Key Concepts: form, connection, perspective Related Concepts: Religion, beliefs Subject focus: Social Studies, Language IB LP - Reflective, Balanced ATL - Research, Thinking	Central Idea: Geology exposes the past. Lines of Inquiry: - How we classify rocks, minerals and soil (geological resources) - The uses of rocks, minerals and soil - How geological resources can change Key Concepts: form, function, change Related Concepts: Geology, properties, classification Subject focus: Science, Social Studies, IB LP - KNowledgeable, Inquirers ATL - Research, Thinking	Central Idea:_ through evaluation - How data drive and how it is u - Our responsi reliability - The relations and data Key Concepts connection Related Conc decision-makin Subject focus IB LP - Open-I ATL - Researce
5th/6th (Year B)	Central Idea: Our passions can prompt us to action Lines of Inquiry: - What passion is - How our passions impact our learning - Our responsibility to take action Key Concepts: form, causation, responsibility Related Concepts: passion, action Subject focus: All IB LP - Caring, Risk taker ATL - Research, Self-management EXHIBITION	Central Idea: Exploration leads to discoveries. Lines of Inquiry: - The impact of exploration - The changes brought about by exploration - The interpretation of different explorations and how they lead to different understandings Key Concepts: causation, change perspective Related Concepts: exploration, discovery Subject focus - Science, Math IB LP - Risk-taker, Inquirer ATL - Communication, Thinking, Self-management	Central Idea: Media influences how we think and the choices we make. Lines of Inquiry: - Our responsibility to make informed choices - How advertising communicates beliefs and values - How media influences us Key Concepts: Responsibility, Function, Causation Related Concepts: Advertising, Influence, Values Subject focus - Language, The Arts IB LP - Principled, Balanced ATL - Research	Central Idea: Scientific principles advance our knowledge of the universe. Lines of inquiry: - Patterns in and beyond our solar system - How the laws of light, sound and motion work - How our understanding of scientific principles has changed Key concepts: form, function, change Related concepts: physics,, patterns Subject focus - Science, Math IB LP - Communicator, Reflective ATL - Thinking	Central Idea: on trade and e Lines of Inqui - How the ecor - Our responsi economy - Factors that i Key Concepts causation Related Conc Supply and de Goods and ser Subject focus IB LP - Open-I ATL - Self-mar Communicatio

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a: <u>Decision-making is optimized</u> Iluation.	Central Idea: Our passions can prompt us to action
<b>quiry:</b> drives decision making (who s used) nsibility to evaluate data for it's	Lines of Inquiry: - What passion is - How our passions impact our learning - Our responsibility to take action
onship between decision-making	Key Concepts: form, causation, responsibility
pts: causation, responsibility,	Related Concepts: passion, action
ncepts: reliability, aking, data <b>:us:</b> Social Studies, Math en-minded, Principled	Subject focus: All IB LP - Caring, Risk taker ATL - Research, Self-management
arch, Self-management	EXHIBITION
	Central Idea: Organisms perform a variety of roles in ecosystems.
a: <u>Our economy is dependent</u> d employment. quiry: conomy works nsibility to participate in the at influence the economy pts: function, responsibility,	Central Idea: Organisms perform a variety
d employment. quiry: conomy works nsibility to participate in the at influence the economy	Central Idea: Organisms perform a variety of roles in ecosystems. Lines of Inquiry: - The roles of different organisms - How the changes in an ecosystem can transform organisms - The relationship between ecosystems and